

special collections DOUGLAS



queen's university AT kingston

kingston ontario canada





THE

CASE STATED,

Touching the Qualification of a

MEMBER

To serve in

PARLIAMENT

FOR THE

City of Edinburgh;

WITHA

QUERY

TOTHE

Incorporated Craftsmen

EDINBURGH,
Printed in the Year, M.DCC.XLI.

16 11 17 17 16 30

* **

THE

CASE STATED,

Touching the

QUALIFICATION of a MEMBER to ferve in Parliament for the CITY of EDINBURGH;

With a QUERY to the

Incorporated CRAFTSMEN thereof.

HE Community of Edinburgh, composed of Merchants and Craftsmen, having had many unhappy Disputes, preceeding the Year 1583, touching the Persons who should A hold

hold the Government of the City, their Number, their Power and Authority, and Manner of their Election, did, with the utmost Prudence, lay hold of the most agreeable Expedient, for restoring Peace and Concord, and for preventing fuch Disputes thereafter; which was, That all Questions, Differences and Controversies, for every Cause and Occasion, that were then subsisting between the Merchants and Craftsmen, should be settled, and finally determined by Arbitration: And accordingly a Submission was entred into by the Merchants, in Behalf of themselves, and by the Craftsmen, in Behalf of themselves,

felves, to the Arbiters who are therein named, and to King James VI. as Umpire; and whereupon there is a Decreetarbitral awarded, the Twenty second April, 1583, whereby every Matter, then in Question, is determined and settled, particularly, the Qualification of the Members to ferve in Parliament, for the City, in the following Words *, Item, As tuitching the Commissioners in Parliament, General-Council, Commissioners in Convention of Boroughs, it is thought Guid by the Commissioners, That, in all

Time

^{*} See Printed Copy of the Decreet-Arbitral, Page 25.

Time coming, the one of the said Commissioners, for the Burgh of Edinburgh, shall be chosen by the said Provost and Baillies, forth of the Number and Calling of the Craftsmen, and that Person to be an Burgess and Guild-Brother of the Burgh, of the best, expert, and wise, and of honest Conversation.

arbitral, there is the Interpolition of the Authority of Parliament, which is supported by constant and uninterrupted Unage, down from 1583 to 1707, when, upon the Union of the two Kingdoms, the Representation of the City in the British Parliament

Parliament is limited to one in place of two.

BUT neither by that Limitation, nor by the 8th Act of the last Session of the first Parliament of Queen Anne, (intitled, Act settling the Manner of electing the Sixteen Peers and Forty-five Commoner's to represent Scotland in the Parliament of Great Britain) is it determin'd, whether that One should be a Merchant or a Tradesman: For, by that Act, there is no further Provision made in that Behalf, than, "That none shall be capable to elect, or " be elected to represent a Shire or Burgh in the Parliament of Great Britain bolle for

for Scotland, except fuch as were, at " the Time of making the Union, capable, " by the Laws of Scotland, to elect, or " be elected as Commissioners for Shires " or Burghs to the Parliament of Scot-" land." And as, before the Union of the two Kingdoms, the Representation of the City in Parliament was equally in a Merchant and a Craftsman; and that, by the Union, there is no Change nor Innovation more in the Craftsman's Right to reprefent than in the Merchants, (the aforefaid Limitation affecting them both alike) the natural Inference that thence does arise, is, That the City ought to be reprefented

fented in Parliament by a Merchant and Craftsman alternately; else there is an apparent Violation in the foresaid Rule and Constitution in the Decreet-arbitral. And as, from the Commencement of the Union down to this Time, those, in whom is vested the Election of a Member to serve in Parliament for this City, have not attended to the Right which is in the Craftsmen, as to this Particular, by the aforefaid Decreet-arbitral, and which is still subsisting, as a Limitation on the Electors, (whereof the Majority indeed are Merchants) but have constantly made Choice of a Merchant;

THEREFORE it is now high Time, before Prescription can take Place, for the Crastsmen of Edinburgh to assert their Right, and to use all lawful Means to preserve the same to themselves, and transmit it to their Posterity.

Q, U E R Υ .

F the Craftimen of Edinburgh, especially such as have made a bold Stand, in Defence of Liberty and Independency, or any of them shall, on any Pretence, at the next Election of a Member to serve in Parliament for the City, do any Thing tending to destroy the Limitation, which is on the Magistrates and Town-Council,

in

in choicing a Craftsman and Merchant alternately, or shall be silent, and tamely see it destroyed; What will they deserve? Can they ever be reckon'd true to their Trust, who yield up such a valuable Privilege?

FINIS.







